ATRUE

## STATE of the CASE,

Relative to the DISPUTE about the

## Parish Register-Book,

OF

## CHATHAM in KENT.

To which is added.

### An ANSWER

TOA

Very difingenuous and calumnious Charge made against the late Church-Wardens of that Parish, in a Pamphlet lately published by the Minister, intituled, "Letters and Instruments relative to the Dispute, &c.

He that is first in his own Cause seemeth right, but his Neighbour cometh and searcheth him. Prov. xviii. 17.

#### LONDON:

Printed for John Townson, Bookseller at CHATHAM. 1766.



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#### ATRUE

## STATE of the CASE, &c.

XXXXOME Time in the Summer of the Year 1765, and foon after we were elected Church-Wardens for the Parish of Chatham; having discovered that a Baffard Child, which was born in the Parish of St. Nicholas in Rochester, had been baptized \* at Chatham Church, without any Remark or Memorandum having been made of its being born in the Parish of St. Nicholas. And as the Place of Baptism is generally adjudged to be the Place of Birth and Setilement, unless the contrary appears; and as it might bappen that this Child, by its Baptism in Chatbam, might become chargeable to that Parish, by reason of such Neglect of making a Remark

\* A Case of this Sort lately appeared on an Appeal between St. Margaret's in Rochester, and Maidstone Parishes, both in Kent. A Bastard Child was born at St. Margaret's and baptized at Maidstone. The Register of the Baptism was produced to prove the Birth, and to fix the Settlement there; but by meer Accident, it being found out, that the Child was born at St. Margaret's, its Settlement was adjudged to be there.

the Registering of Baptisms, to note the Place of the Birth; and that the utmost Care ought to be taken of Parish Registerse

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mark or Memorandum of its Birth in St. Nicholas's Parish: This Instance, and on a Consideration of the many Inconveniencies that may arise from the Loss of, or an incorrect or imperfect Register being kept; first gave a Hint to us of desiring the Minister to + place our Parish-Register in a Coffer in the Church, with three Locks upon it, pursuant to the Directions of the 70th ‡ Canon, in order that the Registering of Baptisms, Weddings, and

† The Minister is a Minor Canon of Rochester, and keeps the Chatham Register at his House in Rochester.

‡ Canon 70. A. D. 1603. "In every Church and Chapel within this Realm, shall be provided one Parchment Book, at the Charge of the " Parish, wherein shall be written the Day and Year of every Christening, Wedding and Burial, which have been in that Parish since the Time that the Law was " first made in that Behalf, so far as the ancient Books " thereof can be procured, but especially since the Besigning of the Reign of the late Queen. And for the " fafe keeping of the faid Book, the Church-Wardens, at the Charge of the Parish, shall provide one sure Coffer, with three Locks and Keys, whereof the one to remain " with the Minister, and the other two with the Church-Wardens feverally, fo that neither the Minister without the two Church-Wardens, nor the Church-Wardens without the Minister, shall at any Time take that Book out of the faid Coffer. And henceforth, upon every Sabbath

"the Minister and Church-Wardens shall take the said "Parchment Book out of the said Coffer, and the Minister, in the Presence of the Church-Wardens, shall "write and record in the said Book, the Names of all

" Day, immediately after Morning or Evening Prayer,

"Persons christened, together with the Names and Sur"names of their Parents; and also the Names of all Per"sons married and buried in that Parish, in the Week

before, and the Day and Year of every fuch Christening, Marriage and Burial; and that done, they shall lay up

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Burials might be made, so as to have the Authenticity attending them, which the Laws of the Land required in that Respect; and accordingly, on the 29th Day of October, 1765, we waited on the Minister for that Purpose, and having given him many cogent Reasons, for having the Register deposited agreeable to the Directions of the faid Canon, and defiring that it might be fo deposited for the future; vet he absolutely refused to comply with such Request: Whereupon we advised with the principal Inhabitants of the Parish, and they recommended the Canon to be put in Force; and at a Visitation of the Reverend Dr. Denne, Arch Deacon of Rochester, in September or October last, we made a Presentment of such Breach of the Canon, and Redress was expected

" that Book in the Coffer as before; and the Minister and " Church-Wardens, unto every Page of that Book, when " it shall be filled with such Inscriptions, shall subscribe " ther Names. And the Church-Wardens shall once every "Year, within one Month after the 25th Day of March, " transmit unto the Bishop of the Diocess, or his Chan-" cellor, a true Copy of the Names of all Persons christ-" ened, married or buried in their Parish, in the Year " before ended the said 25th Day of March, and the " certain Days and Months in which every fuch Christ-" ening, Marriage and Burial was had, to be subscribed " with the Hands of the faid Ministers and Church-"Wardens, to the End the same may be faithfully pre-" ferved in the Registry of the faid Bishop; which Cer-" tificate shall be received without Fee. And if the Mi-" nister or Church-Wardens shall be negligent in Per-" formance of any thing herein contained, it shall be law-" ful for the Bishop, or his Chancellor, to convent them, " and proceed against every of them, as Contemners of this " our Constitution.

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pected therefrom, but it had not the defired Effect: So we took the Liberty to address the Lord Bishop of Rochester, in Relation thereto, by a Letter in these Terms, viz.

To the Right Reverend Father in God Zachary, Lord Bishop of Rochester.

Chatham, Dec. 2, 1765.

WE the Church-Wardens of the Parish of Chatham, in your Diocese, do humbly beg Leave to recommend to your Considera-

tion the following Cafe.

By Defire of the principal Part of the Parishioners (from the Inconveniencies which have lately occur'd) we have requested the Register-Book to be kept in the Church, which has been refused by Mr. Frank, our Minister, who keeps it out of the Parish. We have made a Presentment of it at the late Visitation, the Gentlemen there acting, think we have no Right to keep it with the Minister, as directed by the 70th Canon, but to be kept by him alone. Your Lordship's Book of Directions is contrary to their Opinon, so is Dr. Burn's Ecclefiastic Law. The Objections we make are principal ones; particularly that of bringing illegitimate Children from the neighbouring Parishes, and baptizing them in our Church, and no Notice taken in the Register where they are brought from, as Church-Wardens are most acquainted with the Inhabitants of large large the I to fa bly I

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large Parishes, as ours is, by duly executing the Register may avoid the Incumbrance likely to fall on the Parish from these Practices; humbly beg your Lordship will favour us with an Answer how we may proceed in this Matter of great Consequence. Beg Leave to stile ourselves,

Your most obedient bumble Servants.

Which his Lordship was pleased to condescend to answer in the following Letters.

> Dean's-yard, Westminster, Dec. 10, 1765.

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WITH my Respects to you and your Brother Church-Warden, this comes to acquaint you, that I have received your joint Letter, and am sorry to find, that there is any Misunderstanding between you and Mr. Frank.

Before I received your Letter I had received one from Mr. Frank, concerning the Affair of the Parish-Register, and I had written to him on that Subject: Perhaps what I said in my Letter concerning it may contribute to make up the Difference between both Parties; but if not, it cannot be expected by either Party, that I should judicially give my Opinion in the Matter. The proper Application is to be made to my Court, in which my Chancellor sas Judge, and where he determines such Disputes, after hearing what is said by the Advocates on both Sides.

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The proper Way of bringing this Question, about keeping the Register, before my Court, is to employ a Proctor for that Purpose (there are many of them living about Doctors Commons) and he will put you in a Way of instituting a Suit for obtaining a Judgment from the Chancellor.

In your Letter you mention me as having given an Opinion in a Book of Directions; but I know of no Book of Directions given by me, unless a half Sheet of printed Questions sent to my Clergy in 1757, be called so; and in that Sett of Questions I do not find a Word about Registers. I am,

SIR,

Your very bumble Servant.

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Dean's-yard, Westminster, Dec. 12, 1765.

SINCE I wrote to you, I have recollected, that in the printed Sheet of Paper, called Articles of Visitation and Enquiry, &c. sent to every Parish upon my primary Visitation in 1757, there is Mention made, in Tit. i. Sect. 8, of the Register-Books, and the manner of keeping them in every Parish, as is directed by the 70th Canon. This, I suppose is what your Letter calls a Book of Directions; and it is certain, that my Questions in that Paper of Enquires

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Enquiries did relate to such Rules as are laid

down in the 70th Canon.

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Of this I thought proper to give you and your Brother Church-Warden Notice, and am,

SIR,

Your very bumble Servant.

We attended the Minister with the Bishop's Letters, and respectfully desired to peruse his Lordship's Letter to him, relating to the Dispute (which his Lordship in his Letters to us had informed us he had sent to him) but he absolutely refused to shew it, \* or to part with

the Register-Book.

On the 14th of October following, the Minister sent us the Letter set forth in his Pamphlet, Page 26, and finding thereby he was inflexible to any further Treaty or Application (which we always made to him in the most respectful manner) for depositing the Register as above; We informed him, by Notice in Writing, dated the 28th of December, that a Vestry would be held the next Day, being Sunday, to collect the Sense of the Parishioners on his Refusal, and to have their Resolution concerning it; and accordingly such Vestry was held, and an Order was made in these Words,

At a Vestry held in the Parish-Church at Chatham, in the County of Kent, the 29th of B December,

<sup>\*</sup> Because it might contribute to make up the Difference. Vide the Bishop's Letter of the 10th of December.

December, 1765, Agreed, the Registers be kept at the said Church, under the Care and Custody of the Minister and Church-Wardens, which shall be at all times in the Power of them to have Recourse to, to see registered the Marriages, Burials and Christenings. And as the said Register have been kept at the Minister's own House out of the Parish, we therefore order, that the said Registers be for the future kept at the Church, according to the 70th Canon, and that the Church-Wardens do communicate the same to Mr. Frank.

John Cazeneuve Church-Wardens. William Wetheridge Overseer. Sam. Hall, Tho. Fletcher Will. Billings Will. Tres Isaac Wildash John Byers Facob Cazeneuve Fames Purcel Geo. King Will. Guy Hen. Spencer John Sargent Dan. Wells John Somerton Rich. Cooke Henry Farmer

At which Vestry were present eighteen Parishioners, two of whom were Justices of the Peace for Kent; and several others of them were Persons of Opulence, Sense and Experience, and above the Suspicion of being pack'd to make a Party of by either of the Disputants, to answer any sinister Purpose, as the Minister hints at in Page 39 of his Pamphlet.

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Hitherto it appears most obviously, that no Step was intended to be taken in the ecclesiastical or common Law Courts (since the Presentment above mentioned, which proved abortive) to enforce the Minister to an Observance or Obedience to the Terms of the Canon, though it is most artfully infinuated in his Pamphlet, Pages 18, 19 and 39, that we are People of enterprizing Tempers — May like to litigate and try what we can do in the Spiritual Court — And then in Westminster-Hall — But at Length will wish we had let the Chace alone!

Pardon this Digression, and we will proceed. We presented a Copy of the Vestry Order \* of the 29th of December, to the Minister, and after a Perusal of it, he told us the Book should be brought into the Parish; we then respectfully demanded of him when? So soon, (answers he) as you are provided with a Chest with three Locks and Keys to keep them in.

We departed, and very foon afterwards waited upon him again, and told him the Chest was provided, and he promised that the Register-Books should be brought there that Week (or in a Week's Time) but they not being brought according to such Promise, we sent him this Letter.

Chatham,

<sup>\*</sup> The Minister has in his Pamphlet requested that proper Allowances for Inaccuracies and Errors be made; so the Church-Wardens hope to have the same Favour granted to them, and for the same Reasons.

Chatham, Feb. 18, 1766.

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SIR,

ON our Application (on Monday the 10th Instant) to you, you promised the Register-Books should be brought down to the Church: On our Enquiry on Sunday last in the Asternoon, we find they are not. If you have a Desire to preserve that Tranquility with the Parish, as you have in your Letters express'd, we think you would not have forseited your Word. These are to desire your Answer per the Bearer, if you intend sending them down this Week; if not, we have such Directions as may not prove agreeable. We are,

SIR,

Your most humble Servants.

And on the 20th of January following, he fent us the following Letter.

Rochester, Jan. 20th, 1766.

SIR,

A S you have been pleased to tell me, that a Chest, with three Locks and Keys, is provided for the safe keeping of the Registers; I take this Opportunity of acquainting you, that, on the previous Condition of having it under your Hands, that you will punctually comply with the Directions of the 70th Canon, and your own Order of Vestry, they shall be forthwith sent.—These are the Words of the Canon,

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That the Register for Christenings, Weddings, and Burials, shall be put into a fure Coffer with three Locks and Keys, whereof the one to remain with the Minister, and the other two with the Church-Wardens severally: So that neither the Minister without the two Church-Wardens, nor the Church-Wardens without the Minister, shall at any Time take that Book out of the Coffer."—Your signifying a Readiness to comply with these Terms, will be a Means of putting an End to all Strife on this Head, between yourselves, and

#### Faithful Friend and Pastor.

This Letter being unintelligible and evalive, and the Drift of his whole Proceedings seeming to be to postpone his delivering up the Books till Easter, when we should be out of Office; \* and being publickly and privately instigated by several of the Parishioners, to bring the Matter to an Issue and Determination, we called another Vestry, who made the following Order, † viz.

At a Vestry called in the Parish-Church at Chatham, in the County of Kent, on Sunday the

<sup>\*</sup> As the Minister has the Appointment of one Church-Warden, and the Parishioners the other, he entertained Hopes, that our Successors would not follow the Chace, as he is pleased to call it, or at least not gallop so fast as the present.

<sup>†</sup> This Order was figned by twenty-three Parishioners, being all that were present, except one or two Persons.

Monday the 24th Day of February, 1766.

Whereas it appears unto us, that on a Vestry Order made the 29th Day of December, 1765, it was required, that the Reverend Walter Frank, Minister of the Parish of Chatham aforefaid, should no longer keep the Register-Books belonging to the faid Parish out of and from the fame, but that the faid Books should be kept and lodged in the faid Parish-Church: And whereas a true Copy of the faid Order has been delivered to the faid Walter Frank, agreeable to the Request and Direction of the Vestry then held, but he the said Walter Frank. has in no ways complied with the faid Order, although he hath often promifed fo to do. Now therefore, we whose Hands are hereunto fet, on this Vestry, duly held by Notice in the faid Church, and by tolling the largest Bell thereof, do hereby Order, that the faid Regifter-Books be immediately brought into the Vestry-Room of the said Church, and there kept under the Care of the Minister and Church-Wardens of the said Parish, for the Time being; and that in case the said Walter Frank does not immediately comply with this our Order, we hereby order Mr. John Cazeneuve and Mr. William Witheridge, the present Church-Wardens of the faid Parish, forthwith to take and use all and every such Measures and Proceedings against him in the Ecclesiastical or Temporal Courts, or otherwise to compel him the faid Walter Frank thereto, as they the faid Tobn

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John Cazeneuve and William Witheridge, their Council, Proctor, or Attornies, shall be advised, and think necessary and expedient to hat End. And we hereby further order, for the Indemnity of them the faid Church-Wardens John Cazeneuve and William Whiteridge, that the fucceeding Church-Wardens and Overseers of the Poor of the said Parish, do pay the faid John Cazeneuve and William Witheridge all their Costs, Charges, Damages and Expences, attending or ensuing from the faid Measures and Proceedings, so to be taken as aforesaid, out of the Church and Poors Rates, which shall be collected in the said Parish. Witness our Hands this 24th Day of February, 1766.

John Cazeneuve Church-Wardens. William Witheridge Step. Hart Overseers. Sam. Hall Rich. Cooke John Byers Will. Guy Will. Bolton James Purcel Will. Berry Edw. Wood Henry Spencer Henry Farmer Will. Carter Dan. Wells Tho. Coller Will. Billings Tho. Tame Geo. King Rob. Landen Tho. Boys Will. Newell Jer. Sparrow

And the next Day we sent him the following Letter.

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SIR,

THESE are to inform you of a Vestry called on Sunday, and held Yesterday, though judge not the earliest Information. there can be no sufficient Reason why the Regifter-Books should be kept out of the Parish till Easter Monday; the Purport of the Order (made at the Vestry, held by calling in the Church, and tolling the Bell) do order that the Parish Register Books, which you have, be immediately brought into the Vestry Room of the Church, and there kept under the Care of the Minister and Church-Wardens of the faid Parish, for the Time being; and if the Order is not immediately complied with, we are ordered to use such Measures and Proceedings as we shall be advised by Council, Proctors, or Attornies, either in the Ecclefiastical or Temporal Courts; and also, we are indemnified from all Costs of Suit, Damages, &c. to be paid out of the Church and Poors Rates, &c.

Now these are further to acquaint, if this Order is not comply'd with, we shall To-morrow set out for London, and proceed according to the Request of the Order. Hope you will by this be thoroughly convinced the Displeasure you must gain of the Parishioners, in the detaining them. Your Compliance you may plainly see will be a Means to put an End to all Animosities, which will prove a Pleasure to us as well as you,

Your humble Servants

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vants.

And we received an Answer thereto, dated the same Day, which is set forth in Page 35 of the Pamphlet; and notwithstanding he pleads an Excuse (which is a paltry one indeed!) in his Note thereon, in Page 40, of the tediousness of copying \* his own Letters, and the Impossibility of doing it Verbatim, and for the abreviating a Passage, &c. yet there can be no Excuse for his enlarging, mutilating, and amputating of them as he has done in his Publication; though we scorn to be so ungenerous as to take the Advantage which such a Proceeding may have given us, as he is far advanced in Years, and (as he imforms us) subject to Instrmities.

The Reader may be affured that in our Proceedings in this Business, we had more the Service of the Parish in View, than to clap a Feather of Victory in our Caps; and we trust we have made no indecent, if any Triumph upon our Successes, although the Contrary seems to have been foretold or prognosticated.

To conclude then, this Narrative (which is a true and exact State of the Facts relative to the Dispute between the Minister and us, in respect to the Register) after the above literary and many verbal Aitercations had concerning it, and after so much perplexing, puzzling, and fulminating, +

\* The Minister might have employed his Curate to do it (whose "Tongue is the Pen of a ready Writer," as the Psalmist expresses it) or if he had been otherwise employed, he might have ordered his Curate to have done it.

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† A Term used in his Letter of the 25th of February, omitted in the Publication.

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about the Matter, the Minister very lately sent the Register, and it is now deposited as the 70th Canon directs.



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## ANSWER

#### TO A VERY

Disingenuous and Caluminous Charge made against the late Church-Wardens, &c.

S it not exceedingly amazing! that the Minister of Chatham, after a very obstinate Contest for several Months, for keeping the Register-Books of the Parish in his own Custody, and out of the Parish, should at last submit to have them deposited pursuant to the Canon made in that Respect? Is it not more than a tacit Acknowledgment of his being in the Wrong? If so, had not he much better have let fuch a stiff necked Behaviour, funk into Oblivion; and rather than have fan'd afresh the small Flame that now remains of the late Difpute into a Blaze, have left it to extinguish of its own Accord, which a little Time probably would have effected? No; it feems that the Minister would not let such an Opportunity flip of appearing in Print, to display his Talents in Disputation! As is most evident, by a Part of

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fent the of his Letter of the 25th of February (which Part, with other Parts of it, he has omitted to print in his Pamphlet) viz. "And I desire "your Consent, that every Letter, every Paper, "and every Transaction be collected together,

" printed, and laid before the World."

Well, we wish the Minister had published all the EVERYS he mentions in his Letter, and then it would have saved us the Trouble of this Publication to make good the Deficiencies of bis, to clear ourselves of the High Crimes and Incivilities laid to our Charge: To proceed,

It is almost needless to inform the Parishioners of Chatham, that we are faithful Members of the Church of England, it being so well known to them; and that we have always shewed a great Veneration for it, and its Ministry; and we have thought it necessary to mention this, to shew that we are not Dissenters, and have not launched into a Dispute with our Minister from being of different Principles only, but for a real Cause; and our Characters in Life we submit to the strictest Scrutiny.

The Charge hinted to us in Page 1, of the Pamphlet, that in our Office of Church-Warden we "have done so little for the Church and "Religion," we leave the Parishioners to judge

how far it is founded on Truth.

We perceive the whole Drift of his Pamphlet is to shew that "We have done those things "which we ought not to have done; and that We have left undone those things which we ought to

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" have done;" and so by logick Art, prove we have done so little for the Parish; but our worthy Neighbours will judge upon real Facts, and (we doubt not) allow, that we have done a great deal of Service to the Parish since we came into our Office.

We need not enter into the Particulars here:

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We are charged in Page 2, with a Breach of our Oath, in not observing the 26th Canon, by making no Presentment of unclean Personscommon Swearers or Drunkards — Habitual Neglecters of divine Service, and others, who by their wicked Lives are a public Scandal and

Reproach to Religion.

Now it is not, and indeed it cannot be supposed, that Church - Wardens are acquainted with the Canon or Ecclefiastical Laws; it is very plain it is not expected, for fuch Parts of those Laws as come under the Jurisdiction or Execution of Church-Wardens, are set forth in the Bishop's Articles of Visitation and Inquiry, at his Primary Vifitation, \* for their Information and Instruction; and there the above Charges run in these Words, viz.

1. " Are there any in your Parish who lie " under a common Fame or vehement Suspicion

" of Adultery, Fornication, or Incest?

2. " Are there in your Parish any common " Swearers or Drunkards?

3. " Are

<sup>\*</sup> Vide the printed Articles, dated 1757.

3. " Are there any who commonly absent themselves from the public Worship of God

" on the Lord's Day?"

To the first we answer, That in such a populous Place as Chatham (especially in War Time) there may be several Persons who may fall under common Fame, or the Suspicion of being guilty of the Crimes mentioned in this Article; but to present meer common Fame or Suspicion, surely means nothing; and to come at Facts to ground a Profecution and Punishment is a most difficult Matter. — We believe it would be out of the Power of the whole Society for the Reformation of Manners, if they refided here, to suppress them; much less can it be done by two Individuals, the Church-Wardens, though they were possessed of the utmost Skill in Secular Affairs, or had the most ardent Zeal for Religion: In fine, this Charge feems to be obsolete, and such Crimes left to the Profecution of those who can prove the Facts in the proper Courts of Justice.

To the Second we answer, that common Swearers and Drunkards are punishable in a fummary Way, by the Statute Law, at the Instance of Informers \* which is much more eligible to pursue, than the expensive and tedious Method of Presentment, &c. which probably may have no Effect, if carried to its ulti-

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<sup>\*</sup> Vide the Poor's Rate for Midsummer Quarter, 1765, a Person in our Parish fined a large Sum for Swearing.

mate Process. And indeed such Proceedings seem to have been a long Time disused.

To the Third we answer, that since passing of the Ast of Toleration, such a Charge seems to us to be nugatory and void, and impossible

to be carried into Execution.+

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And lastly, The Matter of not presenting the Want of a Chest or Box \* with three Locks and Keys, required in the Church for Alms; it is not so much as mentioned in the Articles of the Visitation Inquiry—But if the Minister had binted to us, that such a Chest was wanting, it should have instantly been put up; so that he seems to be in Fault in this Respect equal with us: And this we have further and only to say, in Respect to the Visitation Inquiry, and we aver it to be a Truth; that we have not WITTINGLY or WILLINGLY ‡ been guilty of a Breach of any Charge or Article thereof.

Now

†† It is highly probable that from the Imbecillity of Profecutions by Prefentment, that Acts of Parliament were made to punish these Offences; and it seems as if these Charges ought long since to have been expunged, or lest

out of the Visitation Articles of Inquiry.

\* There are very few (if any) Alms Boxes to be found in the London Churches, at this Day; and indeed there feems to be no Occasion to continue them any longer; and where any such is kept, it is scarcely or ever opened, for nothing is expected to be found in it, but the Excrements of Spiders, or Materials to make their Webs! And the late ingenious Hogarth has highly rediculed the Continuance of them, by placing a large Cobweb over the Hole where the Alms are to be put in.

See the Marriage Scene in the Rake's Progress.

‡ Vide the Charge, page 4, Can. 117.

Now the only Method we can think of to suppress the Vices above mentioned is, for every Minister, who has the Cure of Souls, to refide in his Parish, and publickly from the Pulpit persuade such Delinquents to lead better Lives: and if it should have no Effect, or they should not come to Church, to reprove them privately at their Houses-This will be an Operose Work indeed; and we well know how fond some of the Clergy are of much Labour! But whilf one Curate leaves his Cure to another, who has also a Cure of Souls of his own, which he commits to the Charge of a third Curate,\* and the Neighbourhood continues to be so curated, as it has been lately, we must despair of Success in a Matter of so great Concern; for it feems by fuch Proceedings, as if they had an Eye more towards secular than religious Affairs, as that excellent Prelate Dr. Gibson, fays, the Church-Wardens of late Time have. Page 3 of the Pamphlet.

Those who Charge us with Omissions or Neglect of Duty, are uncharitable, and ought to read Matt. vii. 3. and make a proper Appli-

cation of it.

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<sup>\*</sup> It is to this, or some other Behaviour of the Clergy, that not a few think there are so many Methodists and Enthusiasts, who follow every Wind of Doctrine; the Effect often verifying these Lines written by the excellent Author of Hudibras.

<sup>&</sup>quot;Wind in the Hypochondres pent,

<sup>&</sup>quot; Is but a Blast if downward sent, But if it upwards chance to rise!

<sup>&</sup>quot; Then 'tis new Light and Mysteries !

Do not we know that some Ministers have omitted to read the Act against prophane Cursing and Swearing, and other Acts and Laws, once in every Quarter of a Year, as such Laws direct and require, and then endeavour to evade the Penalties therein provided for such Neglect by reading them four times in one Month:

Have not some of them omitted reading the Homilies, as directed by the Canon-Law, and oftentimes omit doing many Essentials requisite to be done by the Canons, and yet have escaped with Impunity, although there are litigious Persons in their Parishes?

Very wonderful indeed! and scarce credible. We now return to the Dispute about the Register.

EXCEPTION in the Pamphlet, Page 8.
"Books and Parchments reposited in Pa-

" rish-Chests have been lost!

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Answer. This could not have happened, if they had been kept in a Chest under three different Locks and Keys, pursuant to the 70th Canon; but it often happens so, when Ministers keep them in their Houses; and we do not think a Clergyman's House is safer from Fire than a Layman's!

ANOTHER EXCEPTION.

" Some have been much injured, almost eat " by Worms, and many rotted and destroyed by

" Dampness in Churches."

Answer. There are some Records now in Westminster-Hall (and Doomsday Book in particular) which have been there about 7 or 800 Years — Records have been kept in the Tower

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and in the Rolls Chapel, for many Centuries, which Places are as damp as Churches; and if the Ministers and Church-Wardens would be at the Trouble of airing the Registers, &c. with a Charcoal, or some other Fire, once or twice a Year, the Worms would be destroyed, and the Damp evaporate, and this Method is used in the above Places; and we do not find there are so much as Fire Places in the Repositories at London, much less constant Fires, which might occasion frequent Accidents to happen; but our Vestry has a constant Fire in it every Sunday during the Winter Season, and so our Registers can receive no such Harm or Impair, as is suggested they may by remaining always there.

The Minister has laboured much in his Pamphlet to enforce an Indulgence only granted to him (and other Ministers) in keeping the Registers sometimes at their own Houses, into a Law, or Power at least, to keep them there

always.

The Directions in the Articles of Visitation

Inquiry run thus, viz.

"Have you a Register-Book of Parchment wherein to enter the Day and Year of every Christening, Wedding, and Burial within your Parish? 2. Are the Names of all Persons Christened, together with the Names or Sirnames of their Parents, and also the Names of all Persons Married and Buried in the Parish the Week before, and the Day

" and Year of every fuch Christening, Mar-" riage, and Burial, duly entered in the faid "Book? 3. For the safe keeping of the said Book, have you a Coffer provided, with three Locks and Keys according to the Can-

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We doubt not, but it is as obvious to every Body, as the Light at Noon Day is to one who can see; that the 70th Canon was made to prevent some Male Practices \* in suture, which had been discovered to have been thentofore done:

AND WHAT HAS BEEN DONE MAY BE

If so, then it is a Matter of such Consequence to have the Register kept according to the Direction of the Canon, that no Parish ought to give up the Point, however operose the Canon may be, or however prejudicial to Individuals: And it not being wanting at Christenings or Burials (as the Minister keeps a Minute \* Book for that Purpose) so the Trouble of entering the Minute into the Register-Book, before or after Divine Service every Sunday, when the Church-Wardens of Course attend, is too trisling to murmur at.

In respect to the Register-Book of Marriages, kept pursuant to the late Act of Parliament, as we were not desirous of giving the Minister any unnecessary Trouble, or to put him in Danger of loosing any Marriage Fees, and it being D 2 positively

\* Vide Page 33 of the Pamphlet.

<sup>\*</sup> Some Church-Wardens have been fo extremely remiss and negligent of their Duty, as to sign a Transcript of the Register to be transmitted to the Commons, without examining it with the original Register-Book.

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politively required that the Parties married do fign a Certificate of their Marriage in it, im. mediately after the Solemnization; and as all Marriages (we presume) ought to be entered also in the general Register Book, we did not infift of the new Register Book being put into the Cheft; but we never imagined that the Minister would suffer it to "risque its Fate with " the Surplice, and other things in daily Ule," because, at his Peril, he ought to take Care of it, and the Entries he makes therein, under Pain of fuffering the Penalties provided by the Act, for such his Neglect: And the 70th Canon could have no Reference to it, as that Canon was made near 150 Years before the paffing of the Marriage Act; and left any Accident should happen to the new Register, it seems absolutely necessary that all Marriages should be entered in the general Register, either from the Minute Book, or new Register, as the latter feems to have been in a great Measure calculated for the Safety of the Minister, and Perfons married conjunctly, and the former folely for the Safety of the Persons married, their Property, &c. and as the Use of the general Register, in Respect to Marriages, is not expressly or tacitly laid aside by the late Marriage Act, it will be commendable to continue it, more especially as the new Register may be lost or torn, by being tumbled about in the Veftry, or destroyed by Fire, or some other Accident, at the Minister's House, if it is kept there. This

This Matter of not locking up the new Register with the General Register, the Minister has trumpeted out \* as a Crime, or Violation of the 70th Canon, which we wanted to enforce; and by his Letter of the 20th of January † he has laid it as a Trap for us, and he thinks we have so compleatly fallen into it, that we can never fairly get out again: This artful Behaviour surely smells more of the old leavenous Tricks of an Old Baily Solicitor, than \* \* \* \* \* and the Calumny endeavoured to be fixed upon us thereby is very disingenuously

attempted at.

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But let us suppose, for Argument Sake, that the Minister has a Right, or is permitted to keep the Register Book at his House, and the Church-Wardens, by Reason thereof, has not Access to, or the Perusal of it, above once or twice a Year; in such Case then, it is highly probable, that many Mistakes and Misentries may be made in it, notwithstanding the Minister should take the utmost Care and Caution in the Matter; but if the Register is locked up pursuant to the Canon, and as the Minister keeps a Minute Book, or instantaneous Register, and if the Church-Wardens are present when a formal Entry is made therefrom, into the Register

\* Vide Page 55 and 56 of the Pamphlet.

† In his Letter he fays—" These are the Words of the Canon, That the Register for Christenings, Weddings" and Burials, shall be put into a sure Coffer, &c." and hints, in Page 22, of the Pamphlet, that they should not be brought out again, without petitioning the Court, Amazing Absurdities indeed!

Register or Record, no Mistakes in Respect thereto can happen, because the Church-War. dens often go over the Parish, from Door to Door, in collecting Rates, Briefs, &c. and are in daily Conversation with the Inhabitants, and therefore personally acquainted with them, their Transactions, Designs, and Connections, and are more capable of detecting any Imposition that might be attempted, than the Minister, in the Nature of things possibly can be; and much easier can any Mistakes or Misentries be corrected or set right, when they are recent, than when they become stale or forgot; which must be the Case when the Register is in a latent Dispession, or private Hands, and kept from the View of the Parish Officers; and therefore the Directions of the Canon cannot and must not be dispensed with.

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And we apprehend that if the Register is not hereafter kept as the Law directs, any Parishioner may present the Breach or Neglect of it, at a future Visitation; or seek for Relief in the Commons, or Westminster-Hall, and that the same will be done if Necessity requires it.

So much for the Register.

And we cannot help taking Notice of a most extraordinary Note, which appears in the 29th Page of the Pamphlet, viz.

"A great many Copies of a Hymn for "Christmas-Day, of six Stanzas, and under neath John Casenewve and William Witherigde,

" Church-Wardens of the Parish of Chatham,

" 1765, had been lately printed — and — " there

" there is a great deal of Reason to believe,
" intended to have been made use of in Chatham

"Church, if it had not been properly fignified,

" that no fuch Power did belong to the Office

of Church-Warden.

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n for indererigde, atham, nd — there Would not a strange Reader think, on reading this Note, that the printed Hymn was pregnant with, or contained some beretical Doctrine, or enthusiastical Expressions or Notions, or something contrary to the Principles of the Church of England? We here present you with a Copy of the printed Hymn (which was taken out of Dr. Green's Psalmody) and the Hymn which was sung in its stead, in opposite Pages, for your more easily comparing of them together.

An

An HYMN for Christmas-Day.

where is a great deal of Punson to believe

WHilst Shepherds watch'd their Flocks by Night,

All feated on the Ground, The Angel of the Lord appear'd And Glories them furround.

Fear not, he faid, for mighty Dread Had feiz'd their troubled Mind; Lo, I glad Tidings now do bring, To you and all Mankind.

In David's Town this Day is born,
A Son of his own Line,
The promis'd Seed of Royal Race,
And this shall be the Sign.

Go to the Place, of which I speak,
A Babe you'll find, as said,
Wrapt meanly up in Swadling Bands,
And in a Manger laid.

When thus the Angel had declar'd,
The News he was to bring,
A Multitude of Heavenly Breed,
Like Words in Rapture fing:

All Glory be to God on high, To Men on Earth be Peace; Now Love and Mercy they enjoy, That's never like to cease.

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The HYMN for Christmas-Day, which was fung.

While Shepherds watch'd their Flocks by
Night,
All seated on the Ground,
The Angel of the Lord came down,
And Glory shone around.

Fear not, he said, for mighty Dread, Had seiz'd their troubled Mind, Glad Tidings of great Joy I bring To you, and all Mankind.

To you, in David's Town, this Day, Is born of David's Line,
The Saviour, who is Christ the Lord,
And this shall be the Sign.

The Heav'nly Babe you there shall find, To human View display'd, All meanly wrapt in Swathing Bands, And in a Manger laid.

Thus spake the Seraph, and forthwith, Appear'd a shining Throng Of Angels, praising God, and thus Address'd their joyful Song.

All Glory be to God on high,
And to the Earth be Peace,
Good-Will, henceforth from Heaven to Man,
Begin and never cease.

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Pray

Pray is not the Difference between them too trifling to raise such a Suspicion and Fuss about it? We only printed a Hymn, which had been used in the same Church on the same Anniver. sary, for twenty or thirty Years last past, for the Ease of the Parishioners; it being usual for the Clerk, who is an old Man, and not so well understood as formerly, to read it Line by Line, which this Method intended to prevent; but it was laid aside by the Minister using his Authority in that Respect; which he would have the World believe we wonted to deprive him of.

We cannot pass over Page 38 likewise, without taking Notice of the Minister's extream Kindness towards us, in not taking Advantage of our precipitate Proceedings, and our going on with illegal Vestries; and that we had been told of our Errors, and reasoned with freely and calmly on the Subject: We deny that our Proceedings were any ways precipitate, but done on the most mature Deliberation, as appears by the Account thereof in the Beginning of this Book; and we infift that the Vestries were legally beld, notwithstanding his ipse dixit, or Infinuations to the Contrary: and as to our having been told of our Errors, &c. we must confess there has been much Conversation, Altercation and Chit Chat about the Matter; but we persevered in our Undertaking, because we were sure that we were committing no Errors, and were doing no more than what was actually incumbent on us to do.

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And now the impartial Reader may determine, whether we had not at our first setting out in this Business, sufficient Reason for requiring the Register-Books to be kept in a Chest in the Church, under three Locks and Keys, pursuant to the Direction of the 7cth Canon. And,

Whether our Application to the Minister in that Behalf, was not done in a proper, dutiful,

and respectful Manner: And,

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Whether all our *subsequent* Proceedings were not transacted on *mature Consideration*, and in as generous, open, and fair a Method as the Nature of the Case would permit: And,

Whether we are not *sufficiently justify'd* in the Publication of this Case and Answer. And

Lastly, He may consider, whether

The Minister, by such his WITTINGLY, OBSTINATELY, and AUTHORITATIVELY withholding the Register from the Parish, as above set forth, contrary to the express Re-

strictions of the 70th Canon: And

By such a partial Publication as his late Pamphlet: Which is certainly such, by his not setting forth therein, the Matter in Dispute, in an exact Series of Time; and not taking the least Notice of the Lord Bishop of Rochester's Letter, sent to him on the Affair, which might have ended the Dispute in its Infancy: And

By his publishing his Letters with such Mutilations, Omissions and Alterations; and totally omitting to insert the several Letters and

Veftry

Vestry Orders herein set forth, which we sent to him during the Controversy, has prove that he has "used his most cordial Endeavour" to shut out Strife and Discord, and to present Peace and Harmony in the Parish; and that his a "Well-Wisher to that Unity, which he say is a most consummate and diffusive Blesses and may be compared to the very Unction of the High Priest of God, &c." OR NOT.

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Erratum. In the Title Page, for eight read just

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